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| *Reference* | Disaster Loss Assessment Guidelines |
| Emergency Management Australia (EMA) |
| EMA. (2002). Disaster Loss Assessment Guidelines. Retrieved from <http://www.em.gov.au/Documents/Manual27-DisasterLossAssessmentGuidelines.pdf> |
| *Scope* |  These Guidelines provide an explanation of the process of loss assessment, and then will lead the reader through the steps required to carry out an economic assessment of disaster losses. |
| *Impacts* | *Environmental* | *Social* | *Economic* |
|  |  | *✓* |
|  |  | Financial and economic losses assessment.At national level: Economic cost – benefit analysis. Value used: Market value discounted; shadow prices.At household level: income-damage analysis. Value used market prices discounted; taxes and subsidies. Estimation of an average annual damages from the hazard |
|  |  | *Direct - Indirect* |
|  |  | *Tangible - Intangible* |
| *Case Studies*  | No case studies in EU. The guidance refers to a specific case study available on the Queensland Department of Emergency Services website. |
| *Uncertainty* | No specific indications about how uncertainty is treated |
| *Climate Change*  | No. The guidance is not specifically aimed at the assessment of climate change patterns.  |
| *Flood* | The guidance is focused on five different hazards: bushfires, cyclones, earthquakes, floods, and storms. |
| *Data need* | Data regarding hazard characteristics, impacted area, social vulnerability, value exposed, economic variables. |
| *Comments* |  |